



DPP – 4 (Wave Optics)

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	a piece of glass at an angle of incidence of 60° and the reflected beam arised. The refractive index of the glass is - (b) $\sqrt{3}$ (c) $\sqrt{2}$ (d) (3/2)			
Q 2. Statement-1: On viewing the clear blue portion of the sky through a Calcite Crystal, the intensity of transmitted light varies as the crystal is rotated. Statement-2: The light coming from the sky is polarized due to scattering of sun light by particles in the atmosphere. The scattering is largest for blue light. (a) Statement-1 is true, statement-2 is false (b) Statement-1 is true, statement-2 is true, statement-2 is the correct explanation of statement-1 (c) Statement-1 is true, statement-2 is true, statement-2 is not the correct explanation of statement-1 (d) Statement-1 is false, statement-2 is true				
Q 3. When an unpolarized light which does not get $(a) \frac{1}{2} I_0$	ght of intensity I_0 is incident on a polarizing sheet, the intensity of the t transmitted is - (b) $\frac{1}{4}I_0$ (c) zero (d) I_0			
Then - (a) the reflected ray and (b) the reflected ray w polarised (c) the reflected ray w polarised	the transmitted ray both will be completely polarised rill be completely polarised and the transmitted ray will be partially rill be partially polarised and the transmitted ray will be completely number of the partially polarised and the transmitted ray will be completely number of the partially polarised.			
Q 5. Two Nicol prism are fir of incident light transmi (a) 1.25	est crossed and then one of them is rotated through 60°. The percentage itted is (b) 25.0 (c) 37.5 (d) 50			
axes of polarisers is cha	light is passing through two polarisers. Angle between transmission anging with constant rate. If incident beam has intensity I_0 , Average beam average over long time interval is			

(a) I_0



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- (b) $\frac{I_0}{2}$
- (c) $\frac{I_0}{4}$
- (d) $\frac{I_0}{3}$
- Q 7. Mark the correct statement
 - (a) We can not get completely polarised light by scattering.
 - (b) In polarisation by partial reflection, refracted ray is completely polarised at angle of incidence $tan^{-1}u$
 - (c)Partially refracted ray has electric field in the plane of reflection only when incidence is at brewesters angle. (plane of incidence , normal and reflected ray is plane of reflection)
 - (d) None of these
- Q 8. Two polarizers have mutually perpendicular transmission axes . A third polarizer is placed between them . Its transmission axis is at angle $\pi/3$ with one and $\pi/6$ with other polarizer. A completely unpolarized light falls on combination . Ratio intensity of emergent light to encident light is
 - (a) 1/4
 - (b) 1/16
 - (c) 1/8
 - (d) 3/32
- Q 9. Reason behind blue colour of sky is
 - (a) Refraction
 - (b) Polarisation
 - (c) Scattering
 - (d) None of these
- Q 10. Some polarizers are placed on z axis with their transmission axes parallel to xy plane. When a beam of completely unpolarized light falls on combination from one side emergent intensity is quarter of incident intensity. If unpolarized beam falls from other side ratio of emergent intensity to incident intensity
 - (a) May be quarter
 - (b) Must be quarter
 - (c) May be greater than quarter
 - (d) May be zero

Answer Key

Q.1 b	Q.2 b	Q.3 a	Q.4 b	Q.5 c
Q.6 c	Q.7 d	Q.8 d	Q.9 c	Q.10 b